

Cereaphos

0.40.0+12CaO+5SO₃+0,01B+0,01Zn



Cereaphos is a mineral fertilizer obtained by granulation with a high solubility and availability phosphatic matrix. The presence of sulphur increases the organoleptic aspects of crops, while boron favours flowering and fruit set by ensuring a more stable production. Zinc is important as it is a forerunner of many physiological reactions of plants and

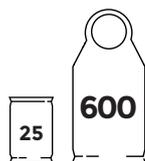
it is also a cofactor in phosphorus absorption. Cereaphos contains humic acids. It is indicated for localized fertilization at sowing or transplant.



TYPE
Granular



PACKAGING



COMPOSITION

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Phosphorus (P₂O₅) total | 40% |
| of which soluble in water | 36% |
| of which soluble in neutral ammonium citrate and water | 40% |
| Calcium (CaO) soluble in water | 12% |
| Sulfur (SO₃) soluble in water | 5% |
| Boron (B) soluble in water | 0,01% |
| Zinc (Zn) soluble in water | 0,01% |

Contains humic acids. Color and density are indicative. For hazard warnings see page 154.

DENSITY
0,99 kg/dm³

DOSAGES AND USES

| CROPS | DOSAGES | PERIOD |
|--|---------------|--------------------------------|
| Industrial crops (Tomato, potato, sugarbeet) | 300-500 kg/ha | post-harvest/vegetative growth |
| Extensive crops | 300-400 kg/ha | post-harvest/vegetative growth |
| Open field horticultural and in greenhouse | 300-400 kg/ha | post-harvest/vegetative growth |
| Straw cereals | 200-400 kg/ha | post-harvest/vegetative growth |
| Legumes | 200-400 kg/ha | post-harvest/vegetative growth |